### Sample calibration sheets

- 1. Respiratory
- 2. Abdominal
- 3. Cardiovascular
- 4. Neurological
- 5. Communication and Ethics 1
- 6. Communication and Ethics 4
- 7. CONSULT 2
- 8. CONSULT 5







RESP

**Examiner Number** 

# ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MRCP (UK) Part 2 Clinical Examination (PACES) Examiners' Calibration Record STATION ONE: Respiratory Examination

Timing: at **5** mins advise candidate **1** min remains. Stop candidate at **6** mins and question for **4** mins. Questioning can begin before the full 6 mins has elapsed

Each examiner should record agreed physical signs and case specific marking criteria for each clinical skill assessed and use the record as a personal aide-memoire during the subsequent cycle.

**Examination Centre Number** 

Patient Name		Agreed desc	riptor for markshee	t	
Physical signs agreed to be	present:				
1			2		
3			4		
Agreed Performance Criteria	a for each skill:	<u> </u>			
Physical Examination (A) Professional technique of inspection, palpitation, percussion and auscultation of the chest  Correct, thorough, fluent, systematic	What aspect	s of physical e	xamination must the	e candid	ate demonstrate?
Identifying Physical Signs (B) Identifies correct physical signs, does not miss signs or find signs that are not present	What physica	al signs should	a satisfactory candid	date det	ect?
Differential Diagnosis (D) Constructs a sensible differential diagnosis, including the correct diagnosis	What diagno	ses should a sa	atisfactory candidate	e conside	er?
Clinical Judgement (E) Selects sensible and appropriate investigations and treatment	What key ste	ps in manager	nent should a satisfa	actory ca	ndidate consider?
Maintaining patient welfare (G)	See markshe	et			
Difficulty of this case:	☐ Easy		☐ Average		☐ Difficult



**Examiner Number** 

## ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MRCP (UK) Part 2 Clinical Examination (PACES) Examiners' Calibration Record STATION FOUR: Abdominal Examination

Timing: at **5** mins advise candidate **1** min remains. Stop candidate at **6** mins and question for **4** mins. Questioning can begin before the full 6 mins has elapsed

Each examiner should record agreed physical signs and case specific marking criteria for each clinical skill assessed and use the record as a personal aide-memoire during the subsequent cycle.

**Examination Centre Number** 

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Patient Name		Agreed desc	riptor for marksheet	
Physical signs agreed to be	present:			
1	-		2	
3			4	
Agreed Performance Criteria	a for each skill:	:		
Physical Examination (A) Professional technique of inspection, palpitation and percussion for masses, organomegaly and ascites  Correct, thorough, fluent, systematic			xamination must the candid	
Identifying Physical Signs (B) Identifies correct physical signs, does not miss signs or find signs that are not present	What physica	al signs should	a satisfactory candidate det	ect?
Differential Diagnosis (D) Constructs a sensible differential diagnosis, including the correct diagnosis	What diagno	ses should a sa	atisfactory candidate conside	er?
Clinical Judgement (E) Selects sensible and appropriate investigations and treatment	What key ste	eps in manager	nent should a satisfactory ca	andidate consider?
Maintaining patient welfare (G)	See markshe	et		
Difficulty of this case:	☐ Easy		☐ Average	☐ Difficult

cvs

## ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MRCP (UK) Part 2 Clinical Examination (PACES) Examiners' Calibration Record STATION THREE: Cardiovascular Examination

Timing: at **5** mins advise candidate **1** min remains. Stop candidate at **6** mins and question for **4** mins. Questioning can begin before the full 6 mins has elapsed

Each examiner should record agreed physical signs and case specific marking criteria for each clinical skill assessed and use the record as a personal aide-memoire during the subsequent cycle.

Examiner Number Examination Centre Number				
Patient Name	Agreed descriptor for marksheet			
Physical signs agreed to be	present:			
1			2	
3			4	
Agreed Performance Criteri	a for each skill:			
Physical Examination (A) Professional technique of assessment of arterial and venous pulses, and inspection, palpation and auscultation of the precordium.  Correct, thorough, fluent, systematic	What aspects	s of physical ex	camination must the candid	ate demonstrate?
Identifying Physical Signs (B) Identifies correct physical signs, does not miss signs or find signs that are not present	What physica	Il signs should	a satisfactory candidate det	ect?
Differential Diagnosis (D) Constructs a sensible differential diagnosis, including the correct diagnosis	What diagno	ses should a sa	tisfactory candidate conside	er?
Clinical Judgement (E) Selects sensible and appropriate investigations and treatment	What key ste	ps in managen	nent should a satisfactory ca	ndidate consider?
Maintaining patient welfare (G)	See markshee	et		
Difficulty of this case:	☐ Easy		☐ Average	☐ Difficult



**Examiner Number** 

## ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MRCP (UK) Part 2 Clinical Examination (PACES) Examiners' Calibration Record STATION THREE: Neurological Examination

Timing: at **5** mins advise candidate **1** min remains. Stop candidate at **6** mins and question for **4** mins. Questioning can begin before the full 6 mins has elapsed

Each examiner should record agreed physical signs and case specific marking criteria for each clinical skill assessed and use the record as a personal aide-memoire during the subsequent cycle.

**Examination Centre Number** 

Patient Name Agreed descr		riptor for marksheet		
Physical signs agreed to be	present:			
1			2	
3			4	
Agreed Performance Criteria	a for each skill			
Physical Examination (A) Professional technique of assessment of tone, power, reflexes, sensation, coordination, and cranial nerve function as appropriate  Correct, thorough, fluent, systematic	What aspect	s of physical ex	camination must the candid	date demonstrate?
Identifying Physical Signs (B) Identifies correct physical signs, does not miss signs or find signs that are not present	What physica	al signs should	a satisfactory candidate de	tect?
Differential Diagnosis (D) Constructs a sensible differential diagnosis, including the correct diagnosis	What diagno	ses should a sa	itisfactory candidate consid	er?
Clinical Judgement (E) Selects sensible and appropriate investigations and treatment	What key ste	ps in managen	nent should a satisfactory c	andidate consider?
Maintaining patient welfare (G)	See markshe	et		
Difficulty of this case:	□ Easy		☐ Average	☐ Difficult

C+E1

### ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MRCP (UK) Part 2 Clinical Examination (PACES) Examiners' Calibration Record STATION ONE: Communication

Timing: at 8 mins warn candidate 2 mins remains. Stop candidate at 10 mins. No candidate:examiner interaction

Each examiner should record agreed physical signs and case specific marking criteria for each clinical skill assessed and use the record as a personal aide-memoire during the subsequent cycle.

Examiner Number	Examination Centre Number

Clinical Skills	Marking Criteria
Clinical Communication Skills (C)  Elicits relevant information and	What key elements of the scenario must a satisfactory candidate identify?
explains to the patient in a focused, fluent and professional manner, without using jargon	Did the candidate display satisfactory communication skills (see below)?
Clinical Judgement (E) Selects sensible and appropriate investigations and treatment	What key steps in management should a satisfactory candidate consider?
Managing Patients Concerns (F)  Detects, acknowledges and attempts to address patient's concerns; actively listens, empathetic	How should a satisfactory candidate respond to the concerns of the patient/surrogate?
Maintaining Patient Welfare (G)  Does not cause physical or emotional distress or jeopardise patient safety	See mark sheet

#### **Communication Skills:**

- Defines purpose of interview (C)
- Avoids jargon (C)
- Uses open questions (C)
- Listens attentively (F)
- Reacts to cues (F)
- Negotiates (E)
- Empathises (E)
- Explains clearly
- Summarises confirms understanding (C)

#### **Ethical Principles (E):**

- Respects the patient as a person
  - Their medical best interests
  - Their wishes
- Uses professional judgement
  - In face of uncertainty
  - To communicate accurately and honestly
- Tries to do more good than harm
- Shows awareness of the principles of justice and equity

### ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MRCP (UK) Part 2 Clinical Examination (PACES) Examiners' Calibration Record

Timing: at 8 mins warn candidate 2 mins remains. Stop candidate at 10 mins. No candidate:examiner interaction

STATION FOUR: Communication

Each examiner should record agreed physical signs and case specific marking criteria for each clinical skill assessed and use the record as a personal aide-memoire during the subsequent cycle.

Examiner Number Examination Centre Number

Clinical Skills	Marking Criteria
Clinical Communication Skills (C) Elicits relevant information and explains to the patient in a focused,	What key elements of the scenario must a satisfactory candidate identify?
uent and professional manner, ithout using jargon	Did the candidate display satisfactory communication skills (see below)?
Clinical Judgement (E) Selects sensible and appropriate investigations and treatment	What key steps in management should a satisfactory candidate consider?
Managing Patients Concerns (F) Detects, acknowledges and attempts to address patient's concerns; actively listens, empathetic	How should a satisfactory candidate respond to the concerns of the patient/surrogate?
Maintaining Patient Welfare (G) Does not cause physical or emotional distress or jeopardise patient safety	See mark sheet

#### **Communication Skills:**

- Defines purpose of interview (C)
- Avoids jargon (C)
- Uses open questions (C)
- Listens attentively (F)
- Reacts to cues (F)
- Negotiates (E)
- Empathises (E)
- Explains clearly
- Summarises confirms understanding (C)

#### **Ethical Principles (E):**

- Respects the patient as a person
  - Their medical best interests
  - Their wishes
- Uses professional judgement
  - In face of uncertainty
  - To communicate accurately and honestly
- Tries to do more good than harm
- Shows awareness of the principles of justice and equity



### ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MRCP (UK) Part 2 Clinical Examination (PACES) Examiners' Calibration Record STATION TWO: Consultation

Timing: at **13** mins advise candidate **2** min remains. Stop candidate at **15** mins and question for **5** mins. Do not question before the full **15** mins has elapsed.

Each examiner should record agreed physical signs and case specific marking criteria for each clinical skill assessed and use the record as a personal aide-memoire during the subsequent cycle.

Examiner Number	Examination Centre Number
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Patient Name	Agreed descriptor for marksheet
Clinical Skill	Marking Criteria
Physical Examination (A) Correct, appropriate, practised and professional; does not omit important aspects of the examination	What key components of physical examination should a satisfactory candidate undertake?
Identifying Physical Signs (B) Identifies correct physical signs, does not miss signs or find signs that are not there	What physical signs should a satisfactory candidate detect?
Clinical Communication (C) Elicits history that is relevant and explains information to the patient in a focused, fluent and professional manner, without using jargon	What key elements of history must a satisfactory candidate cover?
<b>Differential Diagnosis (D)</b> Constructs a sensible differential diagnosis, including the correct diagnosis	What diagnoses should a satisfactory candidate consider?
Clinical Judgement (E) Selects sensible and appropriate investigations and treatment	What key steps in management should a satisfactory candidate consider?
Managing Patient Concerns (F)  Detects, acknowledges and attempts to address patient's concerns; actively listens, empathetic	How should a satisfactory candidate respond to the patient's concerns?
Maintaining Patient Welfare (G)  Does not cause physical or emotional distress or jeopardise patient safety	Treats patient respectfully, sensitively and ensures comfort, safety and dignity



### ROYAL COLLEGES OF PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MRCP (UK) Part 2 Clinical Examination (PACES) Examiners' Calibration Record STATION FIVE: Consultation

Timing: at **13** mins advise candidate **2** min remains. Stop candidate at **15** mins and question for **5** mins. Do not question before the full **15** mins has elapsed.

Each examiner should record agreed physical signs and case specific marking criteria for each clinical skill assessed and use the record as a personal aide-memoire during the subsequent cycle.

Examiner Number	Examination Centre Number

Patient Name	Agreed descriptor for marksheet
Clinical Skill	Marking Criteria
Physical Examination (A) Correct, appropriate, practised and professional; does not omit important aspects of the examination	What key components of physical examination should a satisfactory candidate undertake?
Identifying Physical Signs (B) Identifies correct physical signs, does not miss signs or find signs that are not there	What physical signs should a satisfactory candidate detect?
Clinical Communication (C) Elicits history that is relevant and explains information to the patient in a focused, fluent and professional manner, without using jargon	What key elements of history must a satisfactory candidate cover?
<b>Differential Diagnosis (D)</b> Constructs a sensible differential diagnosis, including the correct diagnosis	What diagnoses should a satisfactory candidate consider?
Clinical Judgement (E) Selects sensible and appropriate investigations and treatment	What key steps in management should a satisfactory candidate consider?
Managing Patient Concerns (F) Detects, acknowledges and attempts to address patient's concerns; actively listens, empathetic	How should a satisfactory candidate respond to the patient's concerns?
Maintaining Patient Welfare (G)  Does not cause physical or emotional distress or jeopardise patient safety	Treats patient respectfully, sensitively and ensures comfort, safety and dignity